

The Fibonacci-DNA Planetary Address

The Solar System as the DNA Cross-Section at Celestial Tau-Scale

Stephen Daubney · The Daubney Foundation · thedaubneyfoundation@gmail.com · 2026

The Fibonacci spiral maps from the H-bond centre of B-DNA outward at 1.25 Angstrom per Fibonacci unit. The crossings at $F(2)=1$, $F(4)=3$, $F(6)=8$ units land at the 1s base ring interior (Mercury / H, $Z=1$), the 2s antimatter crossing (Venus / Li, retrograde), and the sugar-phosphate backbone (Oxygen node, $Z=8$). Earth sits at Fibonacci turn 2.96 — the position of N9, the glycosidic nitrogen of purines (adenine, guanine). This is not analogy or metaphor: the solar system IS the DNA cross-section at celestial Tau-scale. The same Fibonacci law; the same entity; different Tau magnitude. One constant — 186,054 — simultaneously encodes Earth's orbital speed, Fibonacci position, and the H-O-H bond angle of water.

The Fibonacci-DNA Mapping Table

Fibonacci turns	Fibonacci units	Radius (Å)	DNA structure	Planetary node	Orbital shell
1.00	1 = F(2)	1.25	1s base ring interior	Mercury / H ($Z=1$)	1s
2.00	3 = F(4)	3.75	2s — antimatter crossing	Venus (retrograde)	2s antiparallel
2.96	7.69	8.65-9.62	N9 glycosidic nitrogen	Earth / O ($Z=8$)	N9 junction
3.00	8 = F(6)	10.00	Sugar-phosphate backbone	Oxygen node ($Z=8$)	3s

At 1.25 Angstrom per Fibonacci unit, the first three Fibonacci crossings $F(2)$, $F(4)$, $F(6)$ land at 1.25, 3.75, and 10.00 Angstrom from the helix axis — the 1s base ring, the 2s antimatter crossing, and the sugar-phosphate backbone respectively. Earth sits at turn 2.96: 7.69 Fibonacci units = 9.62 Angstrom from the axis, placing it precisely at the N9 glycosidic nitrogen position. This is independently confirmed by P-NDIM: $N9 \times H\text{-beta} = 9 \times 486 \text{ nm} = 4374 \text{ nm}$, which is $2 \times 3^7 \text{ nm}$ — the Earth near-infrared absorption window at the same pure {2,3} prime signature.

Five Propositions · P-DNA-FIB-1 to P-DNA-FIB-5

P-DNA-FIB-1

Fibonacci Crossings Map to DNA Structure

Fibonacci crossings $F(2)=1$, $F(4)=3$, $F(6)=8$ units at 1.25 Angstrom/unit land at the 1s base ring interior (1.25 Å), the 2s antimatter crossing (3.75 Å), and the sugar-phosphate backbone (10.00 Å). The Fibonacci sequence that generates orbital structure in the solar system maps exactly onto B-DNA's radial molecular architecture at the same mathematical law.

P-DNA-FIB-2

Earth's Fibonacci Address = N9 Glycosidic Nitrogen

At Fibonacci turn 2.96, the spiral reaches 8.65 Å from the helix axis — the position of N9, the glycosidic nitrogen of purines (adenine and guanine), which connects the nucleobase to the deoxyribose sugar ring. Confirmed independently by P-NDIM: $N9 \times H\text{-beta} = 9 \times 486 = 4374 \text{ nm} = 2 \times 3^7 \text{ nm}$ (the Earth near-infrared absorption window). Same entity; same Tau address; different dimensional scale.

P-DNA-FIB-3

Venus Retrograde = Antiparallel DNA Strand

At Fibonacci turn 2.00, the spiral crosses from the matter strand to the antiparallel antimatter strand of B-DNA. Venus sits at turn 2 and rotates retrograde — opposite to all other planets. Venus's retrograde rotation is not a quirk of planetary formation: it is the antiparallel strand signature. The DNA second strand runs 3'→5' (reversed direction) for the identical geometric reason. Product: $90 \text{ Mkm} \times 108 \text{ Mkm} = 9720 = 2^3 \times 3^6 \times 5$ (pure {2,3,5}).

P-DNA-FIB-4

N9 is One Bond from the Backbone — Why the Observable Domain Terminates at Earth

The gap from Fibonacci turn 2.96 (Earth/N9) to turn 3.00 (backbone/Oxygen) is $\Delta r = 0.31$ Fibonacci units = 0.39 Angstrom — comparable to one covalent bond length (~1.0-1.5 Å). N9 is structurally one covalent bond (the N9-C1' glycosidic bond, ~1.47 Å) from the backbone. The Tau-wave at Earth's position has propagated to the last base atom and is one structural step from the backbone crossing. This is why the observable domain terminates at Earth.

P-DNA-FIB-5

The Full Planetary-DNA Address Map

Mercury = 1s base ring interior (H, Z=1, turn 1.00). Venus = 2s antimatter crossing (Li, Z=3, retrograde, turn 2.00). Earth = N9 glycosidic nitrogen (O, Z=8, turn 2.96). Oxygen backbone node (Z=8, turn 3.00). Atomic numbers Z map directly onto Fibonacci spiral turn positions in both the solar system and B-DNA. The periodic table is written into the Fibonacci spiral at both the molecular and planetary scale.

P-TMFP-4 · The 186.054 Tau-Quad: Six Simultaneous Identities

The Tau-quad constant $c_{\tau} = 186,054.4315$ FOT-miles/second has a radian face that encodes Earth's dimensional address, orbital speed, and Fibonacci position simultaneously — all from one number.

Step	Operation	Result	Physical identity
1	c_{τ} speed face	186,054.4315 FOT-mi/s	G2 propagation speed
2	$\div 10^3 = \div(2^3 \times 5^3)$	186.054 hours	Time face; pure {2,5} bridge
3	$\times \pi/180$	3.24725 rad = 1.0336π	Earth: 6.054° past the π inversion node (CPT boundary)
4	$\div 2\pi$	29.611 km/s	Earth orbital speed
5	$\div 10$	2.961	Earth Fibonacci turn position (N9 address)
6	$29 \times 360^\circ \div 100$	104.4°	H-O-H bond angle (29 complete radian circles)

One number — 186,054 — simultaneously encodes: speed of light (Face 1), time duration (Face 2), bilateral AU diameter (Face 3), dimensional radian address (Face 4), Earth orbital speed (Face 4 $\div 2\pi = 29.611$ km/s), Earth Fibonacci position (Face 4 $\div 2\pi \div 10 = 2.961 =$ N9 address), and water H-O-H bond angle ($29 \times 360^\circ \div 100 = 104.4^\circ$). Oxygen sits at Fibonacci turn 2.96 in the periodic table spiral — the same position as Earth's N9 molecular address. The water molecule spans F(2) to F(6) = turn 1 (H) to turn 3 (O). Every face of this constant points back to the same Tau identity.

Core Law

P-DNA-FIB-2 · Earth = N9: Same Entity, Two Scales

Earth at Fibonacci turn 2.96 in the solar system is Earth at N9 glycosidic nitrogen in B-DNA. These are not two different things. They are one Tau-address manifesting at two different dimensional scales of the same Tau-helix. $N9 \times H\text{-beta} = 9 \times 486 \text{ nm} = 4374 \text{ nm} = 2 \times 3^7 \text{ nm}$ — the Earth near-infrared absorption window confirms the address from the spectroscopic direction. The solar system is the DNA cross-section at celestial Tau-magnitude.