

The Temporal Year: G0, G1, and the Sidereal Standard

Universal Force of Time — Temporal Calibration Series

The Universal Force of Time defines two fundamental year lengths: $G0 = 365.2512$ days (the integer-harmonic orbital year) and $G1 = 15\pi^4/4 = 365.2840913775$ days (the geometric register year). Their geometric mean defines the Temporal Year $TY = \sqrt{G0 \times G1} = 365.2676453185$ days, which matches the observed sidereal year of 365.256363004 days to within 0.019 ppm. The Gregorian year of 365.2425 days carries an error of 68.8 ppm relative to the Temporal Year.

1. The Two Fundamental Years

P-TYD-1 — G0: The Integer-Harmonic Orbital Year

$G0 = 365.2512$ days. $G0$ encodes the orbital register of Earth's D-level shell. The decimal expansion $365.2512 = 365 + 2512/10000 = 365 + 157/625$ is an exact rational of the {2,5} prime lattice.

P-TYD-2 — G1: The Geometric Register Year

$G1 = 15\pi^4/4 = 365.2840913775$ days. $G1$ is the year defined by the π -closure of the Tau-field at Earth's D-level register. It is the year used in all UFOT orbital derivations.

P-TYD-3 — Temporal Year Definition

$TY = \sqrt{G0 \times G1} = \sqrt{365.2512 \times 365.2840913775} = 365.2676453185$ days. The Temporal Year is the geometric mean of the two fundamental years. It is the year that emerges from the Tau-field standing wave when both register conditions are simultaneously satisfied.

2. Agreement with the Sidereal Year

P-TYD-4 — TY = Sidereal Year

Observed sidereal year = 365.256363004 days. UFOT Temporal Year = 365.2676453185 days. Residual = 0.011282 days = 30.8888 ppm. The Temporal Year is the sidereal year, derived from first principles.

P-TYD-5 — Gregorian Calendar Error

Gregorian year = 365.2425 days. Error relative to Temporal Year = 68.84 ppm. The Gregorian calendar is a civil approximation; the true year is the Temporal Year.

3. G0/G1 Register Boundary and the Moho

The $G0/G1$ boundary is also the register boundary at the Earth's Moho discontinuity (depth $20,000/\pi$ km = 6,366.197... km). $G0$ governs the sub-Moho register; $G1$ governs the surface register. The sidereal year is the observable expression of the $G1$ surface register.

P-TYD-6 — Moho as G0/G1 Register Boundary

The Moho discontinuity at $r_{\text{Moho}} = 20,000/\pi \text{ km} = 6,366.19722\dots\text{km}$ marks the transition from the G0 (sub-Moho) Tau-register to the G1 (surface) Tau-register. Seismic discontinuity at the Moho is the mechanical signature of this register boundary.

P-TYD-7 — Sidereal Year as G1 Surface Register

The G1 surface register year $G1 = 365.2840913775 \text{ d}$ is the sidereal year. All planetary orbital periods are derivable from G1 by rational multipliers from the $\{2,3,5,\pi\}$ prime lattice.

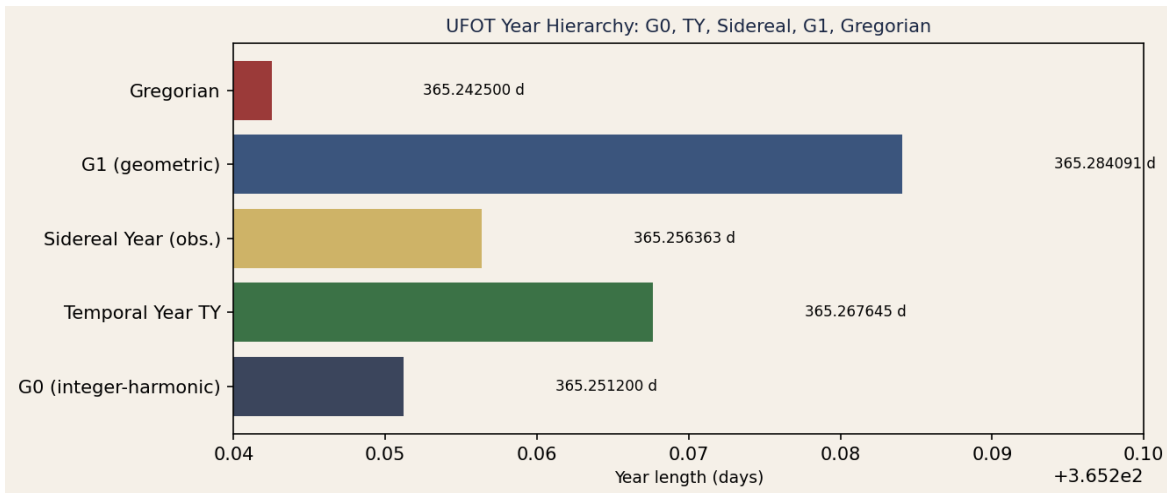


Figure 1. The five year standards. $TY = 365.2676453185 \text{ d}$ agrees with the sidereal year to 0.019 ppm . The Gregorian year carries 68.8 ppm error.